

2.5

The total fertility rate worldwide. TFRs range from 1.7 in more developed countries to 4.5 in the least developed countries.



60

The number of mobile phone subscribers per 100 inhabitants worldwide.



POPULATION REFERENCE BUREAU

2010

WORLD POPULATION  
DATA SHEET



76%

The percentage of people in urban areas worldwide who use improved sanitation.



BY  
2050,

Japan's population is projected to decline to 95 million from 127 million in 2010.

# MOST POPULOUS COUNTRIES, 2010 AND 2050

2010

COUNTRY	POPULATION (MILLIONS)
China	1,338
India	1,189
United States	310
Indonesia	235
Brazil	193
Pakistan	185
Bangladesh	164
Nigeria	158
Russia	142
Japan	127

2050

COUNTRY	POPULATION (MILLIONS)
India	1,748
China	1,437
United States	423
Pakistan	335
Nigeria	326
Indonesia	309
Bangladesh	222
Brazil	215
Ethiopia	174
Congo, Dem. Rep.	166

## COUNTRIES WITH THE YOUNGEST AND OLDEST POPULATIONS, 2010

YOUNGEST	% AGES <15
Niger	50.1
Uganda	48.7
Burkina Faso	46.4
Congo, Dem. Rep.	46.4
Zambia	46.2
Malawi	45.9
Afghanistan	45.9
Chad	45.6
Somalia	44.9
Tanzania	44.7

OLDEST	% AGES 65+
Japan	22.6
Germany	20.5
Italy	20.4
Sweden	18.3
Greece	18.3
Portugal	17.9
Bulgaria	17.6
Austria	17.6
Latvia	17.4
Belgium	17.4

## POPULATION CLOCK, 2010

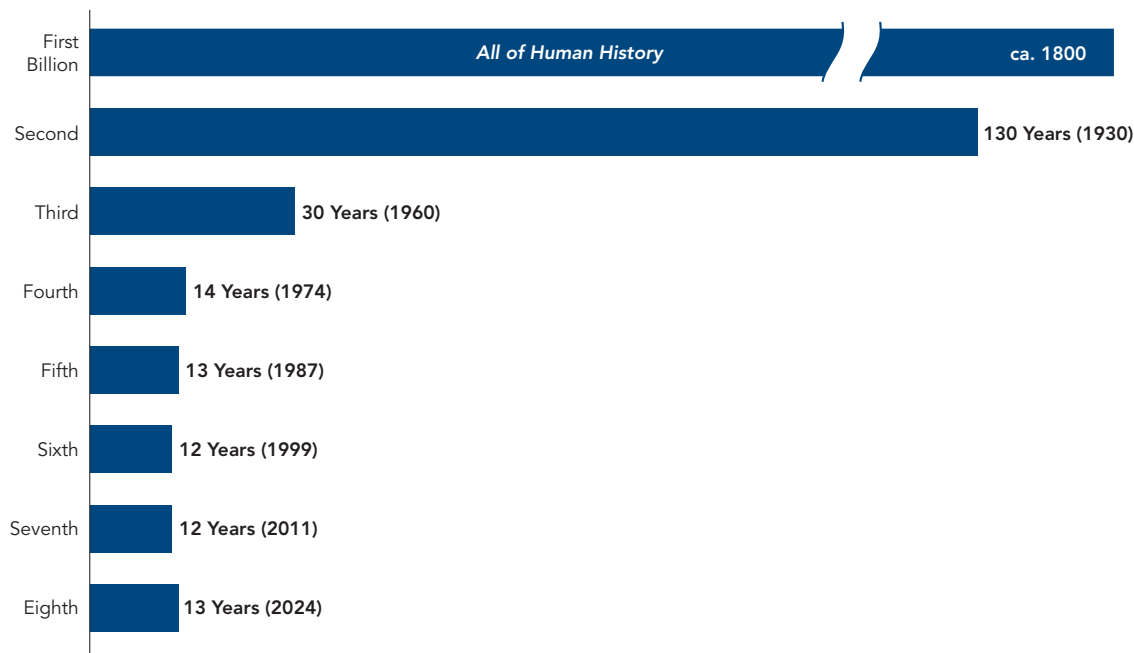
		WORLD	MORE DEVELOPED COUNTRIES	LESS DEVELOPED COUNTRIES
Population		6,892,319,000	1,236,646,000	5,655,673,000
Births per	Year	140,184,169	14,215,211	125,968,959
	Day	384,066	38,946	345,120
	Minute	267	27	240
Deaths per	Year	56,907,606	12,125,055	44,782,552
	Day	155,911	33,219	122,692
	Minute	108	23	85
Natural increase (births-deaths) per	Year	83,276,563	2,090,156	81,186,407
	Day	228,155	5,726	222,429
	Minute	158	4	154
Infant deaths per	Year	6,383,531	80,133	6,303,398
	Day	17,489	220	17,270
	Minute	12	0.2	12

# WORLD POPULATION HIGHLIGHTS

FOCUS ON AGING

## Today, Global Population Adds Another Billion at Record Rates.

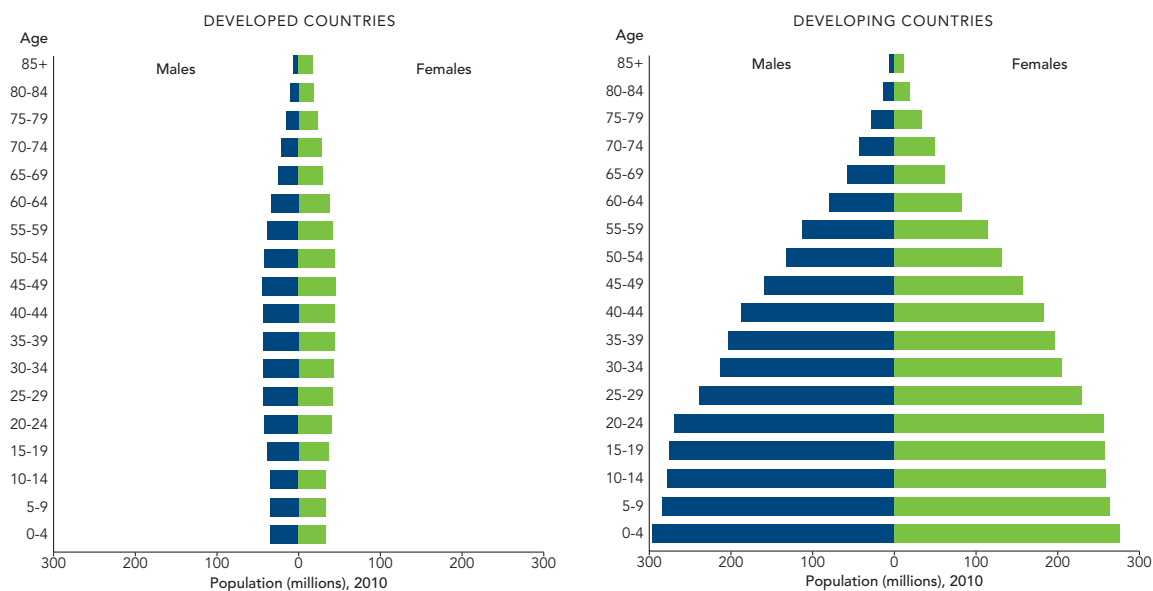
At some point around 1800, after untold millennia of human history, global population reached its first billion. The world's population now grows by 1 billion about every 12 years. The 20th century began with 1.6 billion and, at the end of that century, those two numbers had simply reversed to 6.1 billion. If birth rates continue to decline in developing countries, the increase to 8 billion could take slightly longer.



SOURCE: Population Reference Bureau estimates and projections; and UN Population Division, *World Population Prospects: The 2008 Revision* (2009).

## As Developed Countries Undergo Aging and Little Growth in Population Size, Developing Countries Remain Young and Growing.

The population “pyramid” of the developed countries clearly shows the decline in the number of young people as a result of low birth rates. The two pyramids provide a comparable picture of the developed and developing countries in the size of their respective populations and

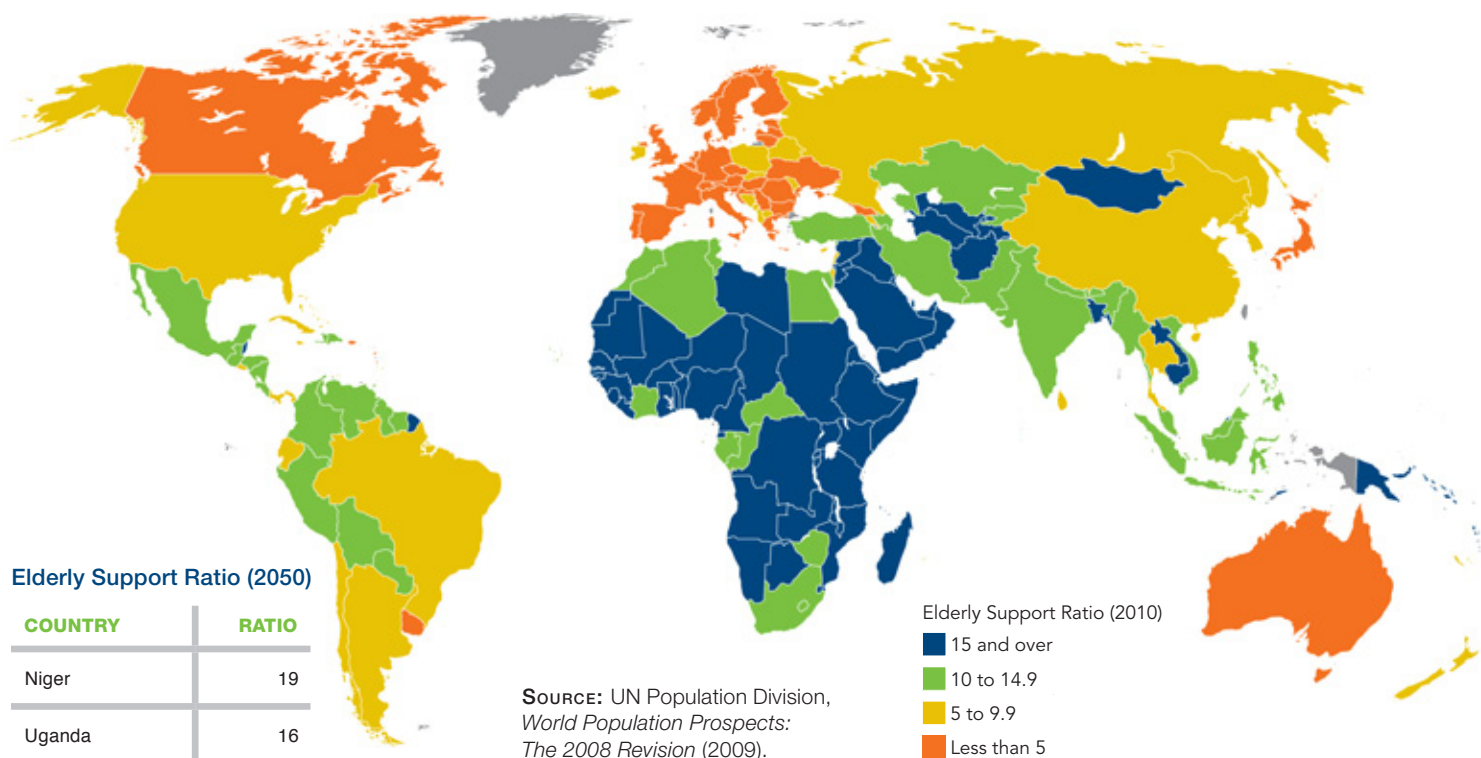


age structure. In some developed countries, the size of the youngest age group is barely more than half that of their parents' age group. When the two population pyramids are compared, it is obvious that virtually all future world population growth will take place in the developing countries. But the amount of growth these countries will experience depends upon the degree to which couples in those countries choose to reduce family size and have access to family planning services.

SOURCE: UN Population Division, *World Population Prospects: The 2008 Revision* (2009).

### The Number of Working-Age Adults Available to Support an Older Person Is Declining Globally but Still Varies Substantially From Country to Country.

Population aging puts pressure on a society's ability to support its elderly citizens. A commonly used indicator of this pressure is the elderly support ratio, calculated as the number of working-age people ages 15 to 64 divided by the number of persons 65 or older. This ratio serves as a rough indicator of the number of potential providers of support per potential elderly dependent. In 1950, there were 12 working-age people for every elderly person in the world. By 2010, this ratio had declined to 9, with the largest decline occurring in more developed countries. But the ratios still vary substantially across countries. In 24 countries, mostly in Europe, there are fewer than 5 working-age people for every elderly person. The ratio is lowest in Japan, Italy, and Germany—at 3. The ratio is above 25 in seven countries, principally in sub-Saharan Africa and the Middle East. By 2050, the ratio for the world is projected to decline by more than one-half—to 4, and Japan will have the lowest ratio of only 1 working-age adult per elderly person. The elderly support ratio will be below 5 in more than half of the world's countries. By 2050, no country will have a ratio above 20.



**Elderly Support Ratio (2050)**

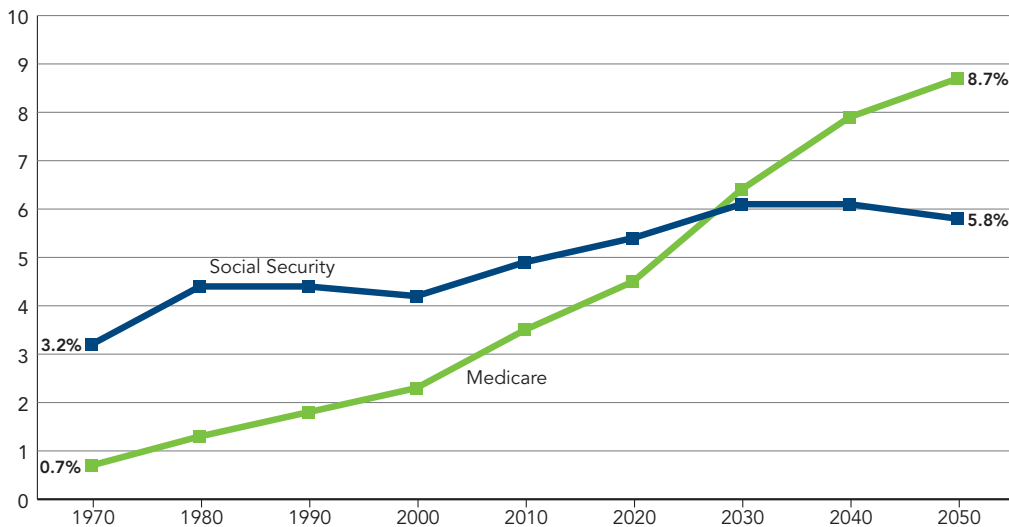
COUNTRY	RATIO
Niger	19
Uganda	16
Guatemala	7
Pakistan	7
Egypt	5
India	5
Morocco	4
United States	3
Mexico	3
China	3
France	2
Japan	1

**SOURCE:** UN Population Division, *World Population Prospects: The 2008 Revision* (2009).

## As the U.S. Population Ages, Spending on Entitlement Programs Such as Social Security and Medicare Will Rise Sharply.

The number of people age 65 or older in the United States will more than double from 40 million in 2010 to 89 million by 2050. Spending on Social Security and Medicare is projected to increase dramatically between now and 2050 as the number of people receiving benefits grows. The magnitude of this increased spending is illustrated by comparing the projected costs of these two programs with Gross Domestic Product (GDP), which measures the total output of the U.S. economy. In 1970, spending on Social Security and Medicare totaled only about 4 percent of GDP, while by 2010 this share had risen to more than 8 percent of GDP. By 2030, Medicare expenditures are projected to exceed those for Social Security; by 2050, total spending on these two programs is projected to reach almost 15 percent of GDP. The rapid growth in Medicare spending will be fueled by the rising cost and use of health care services, in addition to the increase in the number of people receiving benefits.

Expenditures as a Percentage of GDP



By 2030, Medicare expenditures are projected to exceed those for Social Security; by 2050, total spending on these two programs is projected to reach almost 15 percent of GDP. The rapid growth in Medicare spending will be fueled by the rising cost and use of health care services, in addition to the increase in the number of people receiving benefits.

Spending as a Percentage of GDP

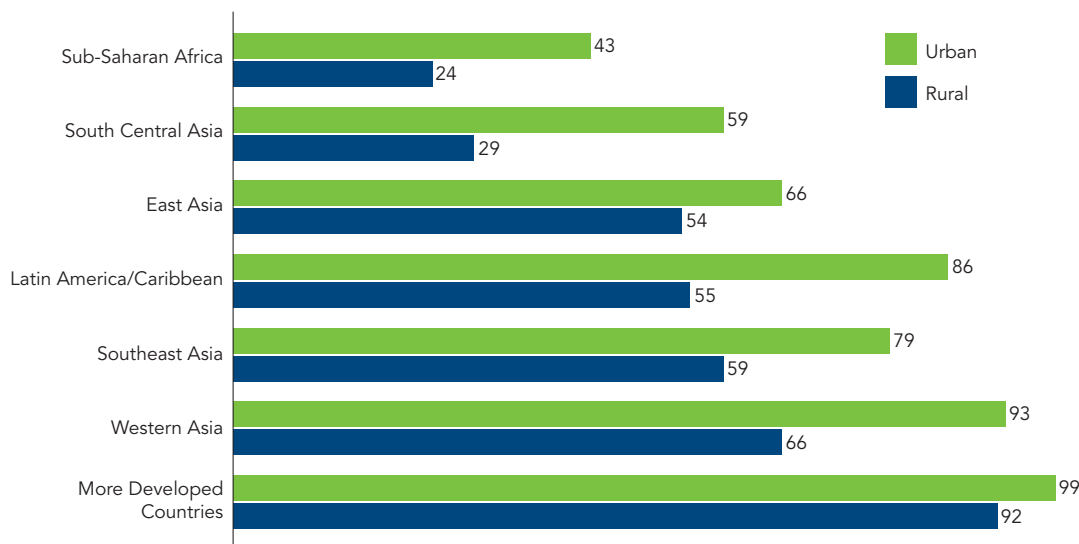
	2010	2030	2050
Social Security	4.9	6.1	5.8
Medicare	3.5	6.4	8.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>8.4%</b>	<b>12.5%</b>	<b>14.5%</b>

SOURCE: U.S. Social Security Administration, *A Summary of the 2009 Annual Social Security and Medicare Trust Fund Reports* (2009).

## In Many Parts of the World, Rural Populations Still Lack Adequate Sanitation.

Worldwide, 40 percent of the population, or more than 2.6 billion people, lack one of life's basic needs: an adequate sanitation facility, defined as one that hygienically separates sewage from human contact. There are wide regional and rural-urban disparities, and the

Percent of Population Who Use Improved Sanitation (2008)



bulk of the underserved live in rural areas of developing countries. Much of the world is making little progress toward meeting the Millennium Development Goal target to halve the proportion of the world's population without access to basic sanitation by 2015. At the current pace, the world will miss the MDG target for improved sanitation by 13 percentage points: Approximately 1 billion people who are targeted for improvement will still lack access.

SOURCE: Regional estimates calculated by PRB based on data from the WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme for Water Supply and Sanitation.

**POPULATION, HEALTH, AND ENVIRONMENT DATA AND ESTIMATES  
FOR THE COUNTRIES AND REGIONS OF THE WORLD**

	Population mid-2010 (millions)	Births per 1,000 Population	Deaths per 1,000 Population	Rate of Natural Increase (%)	Net Migration Rate per 1,000 Population	Projected Population (millions)		2050 Population as a Multiple of 2010	Infant Mortality Rate <sup>a</sup>	Total Fertility Rate <sup>b</sup>	Percent of Population Ages	
						mid-2025	mid-2050				<15	65+
<b>WORLD</b>	6,892	20	8	1.2	—	8,108	9,485	1.4	46	2.5	27	8
MORE DEVELOPED	1,237	11	10	0.2	2	1,290	1,326	1.1	6	1.7	17	16
LESS DEVELOPED	5,656	22	8	1.4	-1	6,819	8,159	1.4	50	2.7	30	6
LESS DEVELOPED (Excl. China)	4,318	25	8	1.7	-1	5,343	6,722	1.6	54	3.1	33	5
LEAST DEVELOPED	857	35	12	2.3	-0	1,172	1,710	2.0	81	4.5	41	3
<b>AFRICA</b>	1,030	37	13	2.4	-1	1,412	2,084	2.0	76	4.7	41	3
<b>SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA</b>	865	39	14	2.5	-0	1,207	1,831	2.1	81	5.2	43	3
<b>NORTHERN AFRICA</b>	209	26	7	1.9	-0	262	329	1.6	42	3.0	33	4
Algeria	36.0	23	5	1.8	-1	43.6	50.4	1.4	28	2.3	28	5
Egypt	80.4	27	6	2.1	-0	103.6	137.7	1.7	28	3.0	33	4
Libya	6.5	23	4	1.9	1	8.1	9.8	1.5	18	2.7	30	4
Morocco	31.9	21	6	1.5	-3	36.6	41.2	1.3	31	2.4	29	5
Sudan	43.2	33	11	2.2	1	56.7	75.9	1.8	81	4.5	41	3
Tunisia	10.5	18	6	1.2	-0	12.1	13.2	1.2	18	2.1	24	7
Western Sahara <sup>d</sup>	0.5	34	9	2.5	9	0.7	1.2	2.4	63	4.5	40	3
<b>WESTERN AFRICA</b>	309	41	15	2.6	-1	435	682	2.2	81	5.5	43	3
Benin	9.8	40	10	3.0	0	13.6	22.1	2.3	89	5.6	45	3
Burkina Faso	16.2	46	12	3.4	0	25.4	47.4	2.9	81	6.0	46	3
Cape Verde	0.5	25	6	2.0	-3	0.7	0.8	1.6	25	2.9	35	5
Côte d'Ivoire	22.0	37	14	2.4	-1	30.8	47.2	2.1	97	4.9	40	2
Gambia	1.8	38	12	2.7	3	2.5	3.8	2.1	81	5.3	43	3
Ghana	24.0	31	9	2.2	-1	31.8	44.6	1.9	50	4.0	39	4
Guinea	10.8	41	11	3.0	0	15.9	25.1	2.3	91	5.7	43	3
Guinea-Bissau	1.6	43	18	2.4	0	2.3	3.6	2.2	121	5.8	43	3
Liberia	4.1	43	11	3.3	1	6.1	10.0	2.4	95	5.9	44	3
Mali	15.2	46	15	3.1	-6	22.3	35.6	2.3	116	6.6	48	3
Mauritania	3.4	34	11	2.3	1	4.4	6.1	1.8	73	4.5	40	3
Niger	15.9	52	17	3.5	-6	27.4	58.2	3.7	108	7.4	49	2
Nigeria	158.3	42	17	2.4	-0	217.4	326.4	2.1	75	5.7	43	3
Senegal	12.5	39	11	2.8	-2	17.4	25.4	2.0	58	4.9	44	2
Sierra Leone	5.8	40	16	2.4	2	8.1	12.4	2.1	89	5.1	43	2
Togo	6.8	33	8	2.5	-0	9.3	13.2	1.9	81	4.8	41	3
<b>EASTERN AFRICA</b>	326	40	13	2.7	-0	465	709	2.2	72	5.3	44	3
Burundi	8.5	36	15	2.1	8	11.6	16.8	2.0	98	5.4	41	3
Comoros	0.7	33	7	2.6	-3	0.9	1.2	1.8	53	4.1	38	3
Djibouti	0.9	29	11	1.8	0	1.1	1.5	1.7	67	4.0	37	3
Eritrea	5.2	37	9	2.9	2	7.4	10.8	2.1	54	4.7	42	2
Ethiopia	85.0	39	12	2.7	-1	119.8	173.8	2.0	77	5.4	44	3
Kenya	40.0	37	10	2.7	0	51.3	65.2	1.6	52	4.6	42	3
Madagascar	20.1	37	9	2.7	-0	28.6	42.7	2.1	48	4.8	43	3
Malawi	15.4	44	15	2.9	0	22.9	37.4	2.4	80	6.0	46	3
Mauritius	1.3	12	7	0.5	-0	1.4	1.4	1.1	13.4	1.5	22	7
Mayotte	0.2	39	3	3.6	4	0.3	0.5	2.6	—	4.5	44	2
Mozambique	23.4	40	16	2.3	-0	31.2	44.1	1.9	90	5.1	44	3
Reunion	0.8	18	5	1.3	-0	1.0	1.1	1.3	8	2.4	26	8
Rwanda	10.4	42	14	2.9	0	15.8	28.3	2.7	102	5.4	42	2
Seychelles	0.1	18	7	1.0	0	0.1	0.1	1.4	11.5	2.3	22	10
Somalia	9.4	46	16	3.0	-6	13.9	23.5	2.5	111	6.5	45	3
Tanzania	45.0	42	12	3.0	-1	67.4	109.5	2.4	58	5.6	45	3
Uganda	33.8	47	13	3.4	-1	53.4	91.3	2.7	76	6.5	49	3
Zambia	13.3	45	20	2.5	-1	20.3	37.6	2.8	70	6.2	46	3
Zimbabwe	12.6	30	17	1.3	0	16.8	22.2	1.8	60	3.7	42	4
<b>MIDDLE AFRICA</b>	129	44	16	2.7	-0	188	296	2.3	111	5.9	46	3
Angola	19.0	42	17	2.5	1	27.4	42.3	2.2	118	5.8	45	2
Cameroon	20.0	37	14	2.3	-0	26.5	36.7	1.8	87	4.7	41	4
Central African Republic	4.8	38	16	2.2	0	6.6	10.3	2.1	106	4.8	41	4
Chad	11.5	46	17	2.9	-1	16.9	27.8	2.4	130	6.2	46	3
Congo	3.9	38	13	2.5	-3	5.5	8.2	2.1	79	5.0	42	4
Congo, Dem. Rep.	67.8	47	17	2.9	-1	101.4	166.2	2.5	114	6.4	48	3
Equatorial Guinea	0.7	39	16	2.3	4	1.0	1.4	2.1	103	5.5	42	3
Gabon	1.5	29	10	1.9	1	2.0	2.8	1.9	55	3.6	39	4
Sao Tome and Principe	0.2	37	7	2.9	-7	0.2	0.3	2.1	45	4.9	44	4

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<b>SOUTHERN AFRICA</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>5</b>
Botswana	1.8	30	11	1.9	0	2.2	3.0	1.6	48	3.2	33	5
Lesotho	1.9	28	19	0.9	-9	2.0	1.9	1.0	94	3.2	34	6
Namibia	2.2	28	9	1.9	-0	2.8	3.6	1.6	35	3.4	38	4
South Africa	49.9	21	12	0.9	2	54.4	57.4	1.2	46	2.4	31	5
Swaziland	1.2	31	16	1.5	-1	1.5	1.7	1.5	74	3.7	40	3
<b>AMERICAS</b>	<b>929</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,200</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>NORTHERN AMERICA</b>	<b>344</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>391</b>	<b>471</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>13</b>
Canada	34.1	11	7	0.4	8	39.7	48.4	1.4	5.1	1.7	17	14
United States	309.6	14	8	0.6	3	351.4	422.6	1.4	6.4	2.0	20	13
<b>LATIN AMERICA/CARIBBEAN</b>	<b>585</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>668</b>	<b>729</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>CENTRAL AMERICA</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>-4</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>6</b>
Belize	0.3	27	4	2.3	-1	0.4	0.6	1.6	18	3.1	37	5
Costa Rica	4.6	17	4	1.3	1	5.3	6.1	1.3	9.0	1.9	23	7
El Salvador	6.2	20	7	1.4	-9	6.9	7.9	1.3	22	2.4	33	7
Guatemala	14.4	34	6	2.8	-2	20.0	27.9	1.9	34	4.4	42	4
Honduras	7.6	28	5	2.3	-3	9.8	12.4	1.6	23	3.3	38	4
Mexico	110.6	19	5	1.4	-5	123.4	129.0	1.2	17	2.2	29	6
Nicaragua	6.0	23	4	1.8	-1	7.5	9.5	1.6	24	2.5	35	3
Panama	3.5	20	5	1.6	1	4.3	5.0	1.4	13	2.5	30	6
<b>CARIBBEAN</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>8</b>
Antigua and Barbuda	0.1	14	6	0.9	10	0.1	0.1	1.4	16	1.9	28	7
Bahamas	0.3	15	6	0.9	3	0.4	0.5	1.4	14	1.9	26	6
Barbados	0.3	13	8	0.5	-1	0.3	0.3	1.0	9	1.7	19	9
Cuba	11.2	11	8	0.3	-3	11.1	9.7	0.9	4.7	1.6	18	12
Dominica	0.1	15	8	0.7	-4	0.1	0.1	0.9	12	2.0	23	10
Dominican Republic	9.9	23	6	1.7	-3	11.6	13.2	1.3	30	2.7	32	6
Grenada	0.1	17	9	0.8	-4	0.1	0.1	1.0	20	2.2	31	10
Guadeloupe	0.4	14	7	0.7	-3	0.5	0.5	1.2	7	2.0	22	13
Haiti	9.8	28	9	1.8	-2	12.2	15.7	1.6	49	3.5	37	4
Jamaica	2.7	20	7	1.2	-7	2.9	2.7	1.0	26	2.4	28	8
Martinique	0.4	13	7	0.6	-1	0.4	0.4	1.0	8	1.9	20	14
Netherlands Antilles	0.2	14	7	0.7	7	0.2	0.2	0.9	11	2.1	22	10
Puerto Rico	4.0	12	7	0.4	-1	4.1	3.7	0.9	8.8	1.6	20	14
St. Kitts-Nevis	0.1	14	7	0.7	1	0.1	0.1	1.1	11	1.8	24	7
Saint Lucia	0.2	14	7	0.7	6	0.2	0.2	1.2	20.0	1.7	25	9
St. Vincent & the Grenadines	0.1	17	8	0.9	-1	0.1	0.1	1.1	17.6	2.1	28	7
Trinidad and Tobago	1.3	14	8	0.6	-2	1.4	1.3	1.0	26	1.6	25	7
<b>SOUTH AMERICA</b>	<b>391</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>444</b>	<b>481</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>7</b>
Argentina	40.5	18	8	1.0	0	46.2	52.4	1.3	13.3	2.3	26	10
Bolivia	10.4	27	7	2.0	-1	13.3	16.0	1.5	45	3.5	37	4
Brazil	193.3	17	6	1.0	-0	212.4	215.3	1.1	24	2.0	27	7
Chile	17.1	15	6	0.9	1	19.1	20.2	1.2	8.3	1.9	24	8
Colombia	45.5	20	6	1.4	-2	53.5	61.3	1.3	20	2.4	30	7
Ecuador	14.2	21	5	1.6	-5	16.6	18.6	1.3	21	2.6	31	6
French Guiana	0.2	28	3	2.4	12	0.3	0.5	2.0	13.6	3.6	35	4
Guyana	0.8	23	7	1.6	-16	0.8	0.9	1.2	38	2.8	33	5
Paraguay	6.5	25	6	1.9	-1	8.1	10.1	1.6	32	3.1	34	5
Peru	29.5	21	6	1.6	-4	34.5	39.8	1.4	20	2.6	31	6
Suriname	0.5	19	7	1.3	-2	0.6	0.6	1.2	22	2.4	30	7
Uruguay	3.4	14	9	0.5	-1	3.5	3.6	1.1	10.6	2.0	23	14
Venezuela	28.8	21	5	1.6	-1	35.1	41.7	1.4	15.8	2.6	30	6
<b>ASIA</b>	<b>4,157</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>-0</b>	<b>4,845</b>	<b>5,424</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>ASIA (Excl. China)</b>	<b>2,819</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>-0</b>	<b>3,369</b>	<b>3,987</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>WESTERN ASIA</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>379</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>5</b>
Armenia	3.1	15	10	0.6	-1	3.3	3.3	1.1	25	1.7	20	10
Azerbaijan	9.0	17	6	1.1	0	10.3	10.7	1.2	11	2.2	23	7
Bahrain	1.3	15	2	1.3	42	1.6	2.0	1.6	8	1.9	20	2
Cyprus	1.1	13	7	0.6	7	1.1	1.1	1.0	7	1.5	18	10
Georgia	4.6	13	10	0.3	-2	4.3	3.6	0.8	17	1.7	17	14
Iraq	31.5	32	6	2.6	-4	44.7	64.0	2.0	84	4.1	41	3

**POPULATION, HEALTH, AND ENVIRONMENT DATA AND ESTIMATES  
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	Population mid-2010 (millions)	Births per 1,000 Population	Deaths per 1,000 Population	Rate of Natural Increase (%)	Net Migration Rate per 1,000 Population	Projected Population (millions)		2050 Population as a Multiple of 2010	Infant Mortality Rate <sup>a</sup>	Total Fertility Rate <sup>b</sup>	Percent of Population Ages	
						mid-2025	mid-2050				<15	65+
Israel	7.6	22	5	1.6	2	9.4	11.4	1.5	3.7	3.0	28	10
Jordan	6.5	31	4	2.6	2	8.5	11.8	1.8	23	3.8	37	3
Kuwait	3.1	22	2	2.0	8	4.1	5.4	1.7	9	2.2	23	2
Lebanon	4.3	20	5	1.5	-1	4.7	5.0	1.2	19	2.3	25	10
Oman	3.1	20	3	1.8	26	4.2	5.7	1.8	9	2.6	29	2
Palestinian Territory	4.0	33	4	2.8	-1	6.0	9.4	2.3	25	4.6	44	3
Qatar	1.7	9	1	0.8	4	2.1	2.6	1.5	8	1.8	15	1
Saudi Arabia	29.2	28	2	2.6	-8	35.7	49.8	1.7	18	3.8	38	2
Syria	22.5	28	3	2.5	-1	28.6	36.9	1.6	16	3.3	36	3
Turkey	73.6	18	6	1.2	-0	85.0	94.7	1.3	28	2.1	26	7
United Arab Emirates	5.4	15	2	1.4	16	7.0	9.4	1.8	7	2.0	19	1
Yemen	23.6	38	8	3.0	-1	34.5	52.2	2.2	59	5.5	45	3
<b>SOUTH CENTRAL ASIA</b>	<b>1,755</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>2,148</b>	<b>2,620</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>5</b>
Afghanistan	29.1	39	18	2.1	6	39.4	53.4	1.8	155	5.7	44	2
Bangladesh	164.4	22	7	1.5	-1	195.0	222.5	1.4	45	2.4	32	4
Bhutan	0.7	25	8	1.7	3	0.9	1.0	1.4	40	3.1	31	5
India	1,188.8	23	7	1.5	-0	1,444.5	1,748.0	1.5	53	2.6	32	5
Iran	75.1	19	6	1.3	-1	87.1	97.0	1.3	29	1.8	28	5
Kazakhstan	16.3	23	9	1.4	1	18.4	21.5	1.3	26	2.7	24	8
Kyrgyzstan	5.3	24	7	1.6	-3	6.5	8.0	1.5	31	2.8	29	5
Maldives	0.3	22	3	1.9	0	0.4	0.5	1.5	12	2.5	30	5
Nepal	28.0	28	8	1.9	-1	35.7	46.1	1.6	48	3.0	37	4
Pakistan	184.8	30	7	2.3	-2	246.3	335.2	1.8	64	4.0	38	4
Sri Lanka	20.7	19	7	1.2	-2	23.2	25.4	1.2	15	2.4	26	6
Tajikistan	7.6	28	4	2.4	-2	9.8	12.0	1.6	60	3.4	38	4
Turkmenistan	5.2	22	8	1.4	-1	6.1	6.8	1.3	51	2.5	31	4
Uzbekistan	28.1	23	5	1.8	-1	34.4	42.4	1.5	48	2.8	33	5
<b>SOUTHEAST ASIA</b>	<b>597</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>-0</b>	<b>699</b>	<b>793</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>6</b>
Brunei	0.4	16	3	1.3	2	0.5	0.6	1.6	7	1.7	27	3
Cambodia	15.1	25	8	1.6	-0	19.0	23.8	1.6	62	3.3	35	3
Indonesia	235.5	20	6	1.4	-1	273.2	309.4	1.3	30	2.4	28	6
Laos	6.4	28	7	2.1	-2	8.3	10.7	1.7	60	3.5	39	4
Malaysia	28.9	21	5	1.6	1	34.9	41.0	1.4	9	2.6	32	5
Myanmar	53.4	20	11	0.9	-0	61.7	70.8	1.3	56	2.4	27	3
Philippines	94.0	26	5	2.1	-3	117.6	140.5	1.5	23	3.2	33	4
Singapore	5.1	10	4	0.6	25	5.7	5.5	1.1	2.2	1.2	18	9
Thailand	68.1	15	9	0.6	1	72.6	73.4	1.1	7	1.8	22	7
Timor-Leste	1.2	41	10	3.1	2	1.9	3.2	2.8	44	5.7	45	3
Vietnam	88.9	17	5	1.2	0	103.2	113.7	1.3	15	2.1	25	8
<b>EAST ASIA</b>	<b>1,571</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>-0</b>	<b>1,704</b>	<b>1,632</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>10</b>
China	1,338.1	12	7	0.5	-0	1,476.0	1,437.0	1.1	21	1.5	18	8
China, Hong Kong SAR <sup>e</sup>	7.0	12	6	0.6	-1	8.0	8.8	1.3	1.7	1.0	12	13
China, Macao SAR <sup>e</sup>	0.5	9	3	0.6	-19	0.7	0.7	1.4	3	1.0	13	8
Japan	127.4	9	9	-0.0	-1	119.3	95.2	0.7	2.6	1.4	13	23
Korea, North	22.8	15	10	0.5	0	23.6	22.9	1.0	53	2.0	22	9
Korea, South	48.9	9	5	0.4	1	49.1	42.3	0.9	3.4	1.2	17	11
Mongolia	2.8	25	6	1.9	0	3.3	4.0	1.5	41	2.7	33	4
Taiwan	23.2	8	6	0.2	2	23.9	21.5	0.9	4.5	1.0	16	11
<b>EUROPE</b>	<b>739</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>747</b>	<b>720</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>EUROPEAN UNION</b>	<b>501</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>514</b>	<b>510</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>NORTHERN EUROPE</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>16</b>
Channel Islands	0.2	10	8	0.2	7	0.2	0.2	1.0	3.6	1.6	16	15
Denmark	5.5	11	10	0.1	4	5.8	5.9	1.1	3.1	1.8	19	17
Estonia	1.3	12	12	-0.0	-0	1.3	1.2	0.9	3.6	1.6	15	17
Finland	5.4	11	9	0.2	3	5.8	6.1	1.1	2.6	1.9	17	17
Iceland	0.3	15	6	0.9	-15	0.4	0.4	1.3	2.5	2.1	21	12
Ireland	4.5	17	6	1.0	-2	5.7	6.4	1.4	3.5	2.1	21	11
Latvia	2.2	10	13	-0.4	-2	2.1	1.8	0.8	6.7	1.3	14	17
Lithuania	3.3	11	12	-0.1	-5	3.1	2.7	0.8	4.9	1.5	15	16
Norway	4.9	13	9	0.4	8	5.6	6.5	1.3	3.1	2.0	19	15
Sweden	9.4	12	10	0.2	7	10.2	10.7	1.1	2.2	1.9	17	18
United Kingdom	62.2	13	9	0.4	2	68.6	77.0	1.2	4.7	1.9	18	16



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						mid-2025	mid-2050				<15	65+
<b>WESTERN EUROPE</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>18</b>
Austria	8.4	9	9	-0.0	3	8.9	9.5	1.1	3.7	1.4	15	17
Belgium	10.8	11	9	0.2	4	11.8	12.5	1.2	3.1	1.7	17	17
France	63.0	13	9	0.4	1	66.1	70.0	1.1	3.6	2.0	18	17
Germany	81.6	8	10	-0.2	-1	79.7	71.5	0.9	3.5	1.3	14	20
Liechtenstein	0.04	10	6	0.4	5	0.04	0.04	1.2	3.4	1.4	16	13
Luxembourg	0.5	11	7	0.4	16	0.6	0.7	1.4	2.0	1.6	18	14
Monaco	0.04	7	7	-0.0	6	0.04	0.04	1.1	—	—	13	24
Netherlands	16.6	11	8	0.3	2	17.2	17.3	1.0	3.8	1.7	18	15
Switzerland	7.8	10	8	0.2	5	8.3	8.3	1.1	4.3	1.5	15	17
<b>EASTERN EUROPE</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>14</b>
Belarus	9.5	12	14	-0.3	1	9.1	8.3	0.9	4.7	1.4	15	14
Bulgaria	7.5	11	14	-0.4	-2	6.9	5.9	0.8	9.0	1.6	14	18
Czech Republic	10.5	11	10	0.1	3	10.9	10.8	1.0	2.9	1.5	14	15
Hungary	10.0	10	13	-0.3	2	9.8	9.0	0.9	5.0	1.3	15	16
Moldova	4.1	11	12	-0.0	-1	4.0	3.5	0.8	12	1.3	17	10
Poland	38.2	11	10	0.1	-0	37.4	31.8	0.8	5.6	1.4	15	13
Romania	21.5	10	12	-0.2	0	20.6	18.2	0.9	10.3	1.3	15	15
Russia	141.9	12	14	-0.2	2	140.8	126.7	0.9	8.2	1.5	15	13
Slovakia	5.4	11	10	0.2	1	5.4	4.9	0.9	5.7	1.4	15	12
Ukraine	45.9	11	15	-0.4	0	41.9	35.3	0.8	9.3	1.5	14	16
<b>SOUTHERN EUROPE</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>18</b>
Albania	3.2	10	5	0.5	1	3.3	2.9	0.9	18	1.6	25	9
Andorra	0.1	10	3	0.7	-11	0.1	0.1	0.9	3.4	1.2	14	13
Bosnia-Herzegovina	3.8	9	9	0.0	0	3.7	3.1	0.8	5	1.2	16	14
Croatia	4.4	10	12	-0.2	1	4.3	3.8	0.9	5.6	1.5	15	17
Greece	11.3	11	10	0.1	3	11.7	11.5	1.0	2.7	1.5	14	19
Italy	60.5	10	10	-0.0	6	61.9	61.7	1.0	3.6	1.4	14	20
Kosovo <sup>f</sup>	2.3	21	7	1.4	—	2.7	3.2	1.4	33	2.5	31	6
Macedonia <sup>g</sup>	2.1	12	9	0.2	-1	2.0	1.9	0.9	11	1.5	19	11
Malta	0.4	10	8	0.2	6	0.4	0.4	1.0	6.1	1.4	16	14
Montenegro	0.6	13	9	0.4	-1	0.6	0.6	1.0	7.5	1.8	20	13
Portugal	10.7	9	10	-0.1	2	10.9	10.7	1.0	4.2	1.3	15	18
San Marino	0.03	10	7	0.3	9	0.04	0.04	1.1	3.2	1.2	15	16
Serbia	7.3	9	14	-0.5	0	6.8	5.9	0.8	6.7	1.4	15	17
Slovenia	2.1	11	9	0.2	6	2.0	1.9	0.9	2.4	1.5	14	16
Spain	47.1	11	8	0.3	8	48.4	49.1	1.0	3.5	1.4	15	17
<b>OCEANIA</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>11</b>
Australia	22.4	14	6	0.7	13	26.9	34.0	1.5	4.4	1.9	19	13
Federated States of Micronesia	0.1	25	6	1.9	-15	0.1	0.1	1.2	38	3.9	37	4
Fiji	0.9	24	7	1.7	-8	0.9	0.9	1.1	18	2.6	29	5
French Polynesia	0.3	18	5	1.3	-1	0.3	0.4	1.3	6.2	2.2	26	6
Guam	0.2	19	4	1.5	13	0.2	0.3	1.4	10.9	2.7	28	7
Kiribati	0.1	27	9	1.8	-1	0.1	0.2	1.6	52	3.5	36	4
Marshall Islands	0.1	34	6	2.8	-23	0.1	0.1	1.1	21	4.3	41	2
Nauru	0.01	28	10	1.9	0	0.01	0.02	1.5	38	3.2	39	1
New Caledonia	0.3	16	5	1.2	7	0.3	0.4	1.4	6	2.1	28	6
New Zealand	4.4	14	7	0.8	5	5.0	5.6	1.3	4.9	2.1	21	13
Palau	0.02	13	7	0.6	2	0.02	0.02	1.1	20	2.0	24	6
Papua New Guinea	6.8	31	10	2.2	0	9.1	13.4	2.0	51	4.1	40	2
Samoa	0.2	26	5	2.0	-11	0.2	0.2	1.1	20	4.2	40	5
Solomon Islands	0.5	33	8	2.5	-3	0.8	1.2	2.3	24	4.4	41	3
Tonga	0.1	29	7	2.2	-17	0.1	0.1	1.2	19	4.2	38	6
Tuvalu	0.01	23	9	1.4	-9	0.01	0.01	1.4	35	3.7	32	6
Vanuatu	0.2	31	6	2.5	0	0.3	0.5	2.2	25	4.0	40	3

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	Elderly Support Ratio <sup>e</sup>		Life Expectancy at Birth (years)			Percent Urban	Percent of Population With HIV/AIDS Adults Ages 15–49, 2007/2009		Percent of Married Women 15–49 Using Contraception	
	2010	2050	Both Sexes	Males	Females		Males	Females	All Methods	Modern Methods
	<b>WORLD</b>	9	4	69	67		71	50	0.8	0.9
MORE DEVELOPED	4	2	77	74	81	75	0.7	0.3	71	60
LESS DEVELOPED	11	4	67	66	69	44	0.9	1.1	60	54
LESS DEVELOPED (Excl. China)	13	5	65	63	67	44	1.1	1.4	52	44
LEAST DEVELOPED	17	9	56	55	57	27	1.9	2.7	29	23
<b>AFRICA</b>	16	9	55	54	57	38	3.2	4.8	29	23
<b>SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA</b>	17	11	52	51	53	35	3.7	5.6	23	17
<b>NORTHERN AFRICA</b>	14	5	69	67	71	50	0.3	0.4	49	44
Algeria	15	4	72	71	74	63	0.1	<0.1	61	52
Egypt	14	5	72	69	75	43	<0.1	<0.1	60	58
Libya	15	4	74	72	77	77	—	—	42	20
Morocco	12	4	71	69	73	57	0.2	<0.1	63	55
Sudan	16	8	58	57	60	38	1.1	1.7	8	6
Tunisia	10	3	74	72	76	66	<0.1	<0.1	60	52
Western Sahara <sup>d</sup>	29	4	60	58	62	81	—	—	—	—
<b>WESTERN AFRICA</b>	18	11	51	50	52	42	2.1	3.0	14	10
Benin	16	10	59	57	60	41	0.9	1.6	17	6
Burkina Faso	26	14	53	51	54	23	1.5	1.7	17	13
Cape Verde	15	5	73	69	76	61	—	—	61	57
Côte d'Ivoire	14	9	52	51	54	50	3.1	4.7	13	8
Gambia	19	12	55	54	57	54	0.7	1.0	10	9
Ghana	16	8	60	58	61	48	1.5	2.3	24	17
Guinea	16	10	57	55	58	28	1.3	2.0	9	6
Guinea-Bissau	16	12	46	45	48	30	1.5	2.2	10	6
Liberia	17	10	56	54	57	58	1.4	2.1	11	10
Mali	23	14	51	50	53	33	1.2	1.7	8	6
Mauritania	22	9	57	55	59	40	1.2	0.5	9	8
Niger	24	19	48	48	49	20	1.1	0.5	11	5
Nigeria	17	11	47	47	48	47	2.5	3.8	15	10
Senegal	23	12	55	54	57	41	0.8	1.2	12	10
Sierra Leone	30	16	47	46	49	36	1.4	2.0	8	7
Togo	16	8	61	60	63	40	2.6	3.9	17	11
<b>EASTERN AFRICA</b>	17	12	53	52	54	22	4.5	6.7	28	23
Burundi	21	9	50	49	52	10	1.6	2.4	9	8
Comoros	19	7	64	62	66	28	<0.1	<0.1	26	19
Djibouti	18	8	55	54	57	76	2.4	3.7	18	17
Eritrea	22	9	59	57	62	21	1.0	1.5	8	5
Ethiopia	17	11	55	54	57	16	1.6	2.4	15	14
Kenya	21	11	57	56	57	18	4.3	8.0	46	39
Madagascar	18	10	60	59	62	31	0.2	<0.1	40	29
Malawi	16	13	49	48	50	14	10.2	13.5	41	38
Mauritius	9	3	73	69	76	42	2.4	1.0	76	42
Mayotte	18	6	74	72	76	28	—	—	—	—
Mozambique	16	13	48	47	49	31	10.0	14.9	17	12
Reunion	9	3	78	75	82	92	—	—	67	64
Rwanda	22	11	51	50	53	17	2.3	3.2	36	27
Seychelles	—	—	73	68	78	53	—	—	—	—
Somalia	19	13	49	48	51	34	0.8	0.3	15	1
Tanzania	17	13	55	55	56	25	5.0	7.6	26	20
Uganda	19	16	52	52	53	13	4.3	6.6	24	18
Zambia	17	16	42	41	42	37	12.4	18.0	41	33
Zimbabwe	14	10	43	41	44	37	12.2	18.7	60	58
<b>MIDDLE AFRICA</b>	18	13	48	47	50	41	1.9	3.1	19	7
Angola	21	13	47	45	49	57	1.7	2.5	6	5
Cameroon	16	10	51	50	52	53	3.9	6.3	26	13
Central African Republic	14	10	49	47	50	38	4.6	8.0	19	9
Chad	18	14	49	47	50	27	2.8	4.2	3	2
Congo	15	9	53	52	54	60	2.1	4.1	44	13
Congo, Dem. Rep.	19	14	48	46	49	33	1.0	1.6	21	6
Equatorial Guinea	20	12	49	48	51	39	2.8	4.1	—	—
Gabon	14	7	60	58	61	84	4.8	7.1	33	12
Sao Tome and Principe	14	7	66	64	69	58	—	—	38	34

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	Elderly Support Ratio <sup>e</sup>		Life Expectancy at Birth (years)			Percent Urban	Percent of Population With HIV/AIDS Adults Ages 15–49, 2007/2009		Percent of Married Women 15–49 Using Contraception	
	2010	2050	Both Sexes	Males	Females		Males	Females	All Methods	Modern Methods
	<b>SOUTHERN AFRICA</b>	14	7	55	53		57	50	14.7	22.3
Botswana	16	9	55	55	55	60	18.9	28.9	44	42
Lesotho	12	11	41	40	43	23	19.4	27.1	37	35
Namibia	16	8	61	60	62	35	12.2	18.6	55	53
South Africa	14	7	55	54	57	52	14.4	21.8	60	60
Swaziland	17	15	46	46	45	22	20.2	32.1	51	48
<b>AMERICAS</b>	7	3	75	72	78	78	0.8	0.3	75	69
<b>NORTHERN AMERICA</b>	5	3	78	76	81	79	0.9	0.3	78	73
Canada	5	2	81	78	83	80	0.5	0.2	74	72
United States	5	3	78	75	80	79	0.9	0.3	79	73
<b>LATIN AMERICA/CARIBBEAN</b>	9	3	74	71	77	77	0.7	0.4	73	67
<b>CENTRAL AMERICA</b>	10	3	75	72	78	71	0.5	0.3	68	63
Belize	15	5	73	71	74	51	1.6	2.5	34	31
Costa Rica	11	3	79	77	82	59	0.5	0.2	80	72
El Salvador	8	4	71	67	76	63	1.2	0.5	73	66
Guatemala	12	7	70	66	73	47	1.1	0.4	43	34
Honduras	14	5	72	70	75	50	0.9	0.4	65	56
Mexico	10	3	76	74	79	77	0.4	0.2	71	67
Nicaragua	13	4	71	69	73	56	0.3	0.1	72	70
Panama	10	4	76	73	78	64	1.4	0.6	—	—
<b>CARIBBEAN</b>	8	3	72	69	74	65	1.2	1.1	62	55
Antigua and Barbuda	—	—	75	73	77	31	—	—	—	—
Bahamas	10	3	74	71	77	83	4.4	1.6	—	—
Barbados	7	2	74	71	76	38	1.8	0.6	—	—
Cuba	6	2	78	76	80	75	0.1	<0.1	73	72
Dominica	—	—	75	72	78	73	—	—	—	—
Dominican Republic	10	4	72	69	75	67	1.0	1.1	73	60
Grenada	9	3	70	68	72	31	—	—	—	—
Guadeloupe	5	2	80	76	83	100	—	—	—	—
Haiti	14	6	61	59	62	48	2.1	2.3	32	25
Jamaica	8	4	72	68	75	52	2.2	0.9	69	66
Martinique	5	2	80	77	83	89	—	—	—	—
Netherlands Antilles	7	2	76	73	80	92	—	—	—	—
Puerto Rico	5	2	79	75	82	94	—	—	84	72
St. Kitts-Nevis	—	—	74	71	76	32	—	—	—	—
Saint Lucia	10	3	73	71	76	28	—	—	—	—
St. Vincent & the Grenadines	10	4	72	70	74	40	—	—	—	—
Trinidad and Tobago	10	3	69	66	73	12	1.2	1.8	43	38
<b>SOUTH AMERICA</b>	9	3	73	70	77	82	0.8	0.3	76	69
Argentina	6	3	75	72	79	91	0.8	0.3	65	64
Bolivia	12	5	66	64	68	65	0.2	<0.1	61	35
Brazil	10	3	73	69	77	84	0.8	0.4	81	77
Chile	7	3	79	76	82	87	0.4	0.2	64	—
Colombia	12	4	74	71	78	75	0.8	0.3	78	68
Ecuador	9	4	75	72	78	65	0.5	0.2	73	59
French Guiana	16	5	78	75	81	81	—	—	—	—
Guyana	10	3	66	62	70	28	2.0	3.0	43	40
Paraguay	12	5	72	70	74	58	0.8	0.3	79	71
Peru	11	4	73	71	76	76	0.6	0.3	73	50
Suriname	10	4	69	65	73	67	3.4	1.4	42	41
Uruguay	5	3	76	72	80	94	0.8	0.3	77	75
Venezuela	12	4	74	71	77	88	1.1	0.4	70	62
<b>ASIA</b>	10	4	70	68	72	43	0.3	0.2	66	60
<b>ASIA (Excl. China)</b>	11	4	68	66	69	41	0.4	0.2	56	47
<b>WESTERN ASIA</b>	14	5	72	69	74	69	—	—	52	35
Armenia	6	3	72	68	75	64	0.2	<0.1	53	20
Azerbaijan	11	4	72	70	75	54	0.3	<0.1	51	14
Bahrain	32	4	75	73	77	100	—	—	—	—
Cyprus	5	3	79	77	80	62	—	—	—	—
Georgia	5	2	74	69	79	53	0.2	<0.1	47	27
Iraq	17	8	67	64	72	67	—	—	50	33

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	Elderly Support Ratio <sup>e</sup>		Life Expectancy at Birth (years)			Percent Urban	Percent of Population With HIV/AIDS Adults Ages 15–49, 2007/2009		Percent of Married Women 15–49 Using Contraception	
	2010	2050	Both Sexes	Males	Females		Males	Females	All Methods	Modern Methods
	Israel	6	3	81	79		83	92	0.2	<0.1
Jordan	17	5	73	72	74	83	—	—	59	42
Kuwait	32	3	78	76	80	98	—	—	52	39
Lebanon	9	3	72	70	74	87	0.2	<0.1	58	34
Oman	21	4	72	70	74	72	—	—	—	—
Palestinian Territory	18	9	72	70	73	83	—	—	50	39
Qatar	78	5	76	75	77	100	—	—	43	32
Saudi Arabia	22	5	76	74	78	81	—	—	24	—
Syria	19	5	74	72	76	54	—	—	58	43
Turkey	11	3	72	69	74	76	—	—	71	43
United Arab Emirates	79	6	77	77	79	83	—	—	—	—
Yemen	23	11	63	62	64	29	—	—	28	19
<b>SOUTH CENTRAL ASIA</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>45</b>
Afghanistan	23	18	44	44	44	22	<0.1	<0.1	19	16
Bangladesh	16	4	66	65	67	25	<0.1	<0.1	56	48
Bhutan	13	4	68	67	68	32	0.1	<0.1	31	31
India	13	5	64	63	65	29	0.4	0.3	56	49
Iran	15	3	71	70	73	69	0.3	0.1	74	56
Kazakhstan	10	4	69	63	74	54	0.2	<0.1	51	49
Kyrgyzstan	13	5	68	64	72	35	0.2	<0.1	48	46
Maldives	16	4	73	72	74	35	<0.1	<0.1	35	27
Nepal	15	6	64	64	65	17	0.7	0.3	48	44
Pakistan	15	7	66	66	67	35	0.1	<0.1	30	22
Sri Lanka	9	3	74	72	76	15	<0.1	<0.1	68	53
Tajikistan	17	7	67	64	69	26	0.4	0.1	38	33
Turkmenistan	16	5	65	61	69	47	—	—	62	53
Uzbekistan	15	5	68	65	71	36	0.1	<0.1	65	59
<b>SOUTHEAST ASIA</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>53</b>
Brunei	20	4	77	75	80	72	—	—	—	—
Cambodia	18	7	61	59	63	20	1.2	0.4	40	27
Indonesia	11	3	71	69	73	43	0.3	<0.1	61	57
Laos	16	7	65	63	66	27	0.3	<0.1	32	29
Malaysia	14	4	74	72	77	63	0.8	0.3	—	—
Myanmar	12	4	58	56	60	31	0.8	0.5	37	33
Philippines	14	5	72	70	74	63	<0.1	<0.1	51	34
Singapore	7	2	81	79	84	100	0.2	<0.1	62	55
Thailand	9	3	69	66	72	31	1.7	1.2	72	70
Timor-Leste	17	14	61	60	62	22	—	—	22	21
Vietnam	11	3	74	72	76	28	0.8	0.3	80	69
<b>EAST ASIA</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>&lt;0.1</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>82</b>
China	9	3	74	72	76	47	0.1	<0.1	87	86
China, Hong Kong SAR <sup>e</sup>	6	2	83	80	86	100	—	—	84	80
China, Macao SAR <sup>e</sup>	11	2	82	79	85	100	—	—	—	—
Japan	3	1	83	79	86	86	<0.1	<0.1	54	44
Korea, North	7	4	63	61	66	60	—	—	69	58
Korea, South	7	2	80	77	83	82	<0.1	<0.1	81	67
Mongolia	17	4	67	63	70	61	<0.1	<0.1	66	61
Taiwan	7	2	79	75	82	78	—	—	71	—
<b>EUROPE</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>56</b>
<b>EUROPEAN UNION</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>59</b>
<b>NORTHERN EUROPE</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>75</b>
Channel Islands	4	2	79	77	82	31	—	—	—	—
Denmark	4	3	79	76	81	72	0.2	<0.1	—	—
Estonia	4	2	74	69	79	69	2.0	0.6	70	56
Finland	4	2	80	77	83	65	0.1	<0.1	79	78
Iceland	6	2	81	80	83	93	0.3	0.1	—	—
Ireland	6	2	79	77	82	60	0.3	0.1	75	66
Latvia	4	2	73	67	78	68	1.2	0.4	85	60
Lithuania	4	2	72	66	78	67	0.2	<0.1	47	30
Norway	4	3	81	79	83	80	0.2	<0.1	88	82
Sweden	4	2	81	79	83	84	0.1	0.1	75	65
United Kingdom	4	3	80	77	82	80	0.3	0.1	84	79

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	2010	2050	Both Sexes	Males	Females		Males	Females	All Methods	Modern Methods
<b>WESTERN EUROPE</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>69</b>
Austria	4	2	80	78	83	67	0.3	0.1	57	41
Belgium	4	2	80	77	82	99	0.3	0.1	75	73
France	4	2	81	78	85	77	0.5	0.2	79	76
Germany	3	2	80	77	82	73	0.2	<0.1	70	66
Liechtenstein	—	—	80	79	82	15	—	—	—	—
Luxembourg	5	3	80	78	83	83	0.3	0.1	—	—
Monaco	—	—	—	—	—	100	—	—	—	—
Netherlands	4	2	80	78	82	66	0.3	0.1	67	65
Switzerland	4	2	82	80	84	73	0.7	0.4	82	78
<b>EASTERN EUROPE</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>48</b>
Belarus	5	2	70	65	76	74	0.3	0.1	73	57
Bulgaria	4	2	73	70	77	71	0.1	<0.1	63	40
Czech Republic	5	2	77	74	80	74	<0.1	<0.1	72	63
Hungary	4	2	74	70	78	67	<0.1	<0.1	77	68
Moldova	6	3	70	66	73	41	0.5	0.2	68	44
Poland	5	2	76	71	80	61	0.1	<0.1	49	19
Romania	5	2	73	69	76	55	0.1	0.1	70	38
Russia	6	3	68	62	74	73	1.7	0.6	73	53
Slovakia	6	2	75	71	79	55	—	—	80	66
Ukraine	5	2	68	63	74	69	1.9	1.3	67	48
<b>SOUTHERN EUROPE</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>46</b>
Albania	7	3	75	72	79	49	—	—	69	10
Andorra	—	—	—	—	—	90	—	—	—	—
Bosnia-Herzegovina	5	2	75	72	77	46	—	—	36	11
Croatia	4	2	76	72	79	56	—	—	—	—
Greece	4	2	80	77	82	73	0.2	<0.1	76	46
Italy	3	2	82	79	84	68	0.6	0.2	60	39
Kosovo <sup>f</sup>	—	—	69	67	71	—	—	—	44	18
Macedonia <sup>g</sup>	6	2	74	71	76	65	—	—	14	10
Malta	5	2	79	77	82	94	0.1	<0.1	86	43
Montenegro	5	3	74	71	76	64	—	—	39	17
Portugal	4	2	79	75	82	55	0.7	0.3	67	63
San Marino	—	—	83	80	86	84	—	—	—	—
Serbia	5	3	74	71	76	58	0.1 <sup>h</sup>	<0.1 <sup>h</sup>	41 <sup>h</sup>	19 <sup>h</sup>
Slovenia	4	2	79	76	82	50	—	—	74	59
Spain	4	2	81	78	84	77	0.8	0.2	66	62
<b>OCEANIA</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>63</b>
Australia	5	3	81	79	84	82	0.3	<0.1	85	75
Federated States of Micronesia	16	7	68	67	68	22	—	—	—	70
Fiji	13	5	68	66	71	51	0.1	<0.1	—	40
French Polynesia	11	4	74	72	77	53	—	—	—	—
Guam	9	4	79	76	82	93	—	—	67	58
Kiribati	—	—	61	59	63	44	—	—	—	21
Marshall Islands	—	—	66	64	67	68	—	—	45	42
Nauru	—	—	56	55	57	100	—	—	36	25
New Caledonia	9	3	76	72	80	58	—	—	—	—
New Zealand	5	3	80	78	82	86	<0.1	<0.1	75	72
Palau	—	—	69	66	72	78	—	—	33	30
Papua New Guinea	23	9	59	57	62	13	1.8	1.2	—	24
Samoa	12	8	73	72	74	22	—	—	—	54
Solomon Islands	19	7	62	62	63	17	—	—	35	27
Tonga	10	6	70	67	73	23	—	—	—	23
Tuvalu	—	—	64	62	65	47	—	—	31	22
Vanuatu	17	7	67	66	69	24	—	—	38	37

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				Urban	Rural
<b>WORLD</b>	\$10,030	51	60	76	45
MORE DEVELOPED	32,370	23	109	99	92
LESS DEVELOPED	5,150	68	49	68	40
LESS DEVELOPED (Excl. China)	4,880	59	49	72	37
LEAST DEVELOPED	1,240	41	21	49	31
<b>AFRICA</b>	2,630	34	37	55	31
<b>SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA</b>	1,930	36	32	43	24
<b>NORTHERN AFRICA</b>	5,370	25	59	88	66
Algeria	7,940	15	93	98	88
Egypt	5,460	80	51	97	92
Libya	15,630	4	77	97	96
Morocco	4,330	71	72	83	52
Sudan	1,930	17	29	55	18
Tunisia	7,070	64	85	96	64
Western Sahara <sup>d</sup>	—	2	—	—	—
<b>WESTERN AFRICA</b>	1,600	50	39	35	20
Benin	1,460	87	42	24	4
Burkina Faso	1,160	59	17	33	6
Cape Verde	3,450	128	56	65	38
Côte d'Ivoire	1,580	68	51	36	11
Gambia	1,280	155	70	68	65
Ghana	1,430	101	50	18	7
Guinea	1,190	44	39	34	11
Guinea-Bissau	530	46	32	49	9
Liberia	300	37	19	25	4
Mali	1,090	12	27	45	32
Mauritania	2,000	3	65	50	9
Niger	680	13	13	34	4
Nigeria	1,940	171	42	36	28
Senegal	1,760	64	44	69	38
Sierra Leone	750	81	18	24	6
Togo	820	119	24	24	3
<b>EASTERN AFRICA</b>	1,030	51	19	37	25
Burundi	380	306	6	49	46
Comoros	1,170	309	15	50	30
Djibouti	2,330	38	13	63	10
Eritrea	630	44	2	52	4
Ethiopia	870	77	2	29	8
Kenya	1,580	69	42	27	32
Madagascar	1,040	34	25	15	10
Malawi	830	130	12	51	57
Mauritius	12,480	628	81	93	90
Mayotte	—	545	28	—	—
Mozambique	770	29	20	38	4
Reunion	—	333	75	—	—
Rwanda	1,010	395	14	50	55
Seychelles	19,770	193	112	97	—
Somalia	—	15	7	52	6
Tanzania	1,230	48	31	32	21
Uganda	1,140	140	27	38	49
Zambia	1,230	18	28	59	43
Zimbabwe	—	32	13	56	37
<b>MIDDLE AFRICA</b>	1,710	20	23	44	22
Angola	5,020	15	38	86	18
Cameroon	2,180	42	32	56	35
Central African Republic	730	8	4	43	28
Chad	1,160	9	17	23	4
Congo	3,090	12	50	31	29
Congo, Dem. Rep.	290	29	14	23	23
Equatorial Guinea	21,700	25	52	—	—
Gabon	12,270	6	90	33	30
Sao Tome and Principe	1,780	170	31	30	19

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	GNI PPP per Capita (US\$) 2008	Population per Square Kilometer	Mobile Phone Subscribers per 100 Inhabitants	Percent of Population Who Use Improved Sanitation (2008)	
				Urban	Rural
<b>SOUTHERN AFRICA</b>	9,390	21	86	82	59
Botswana	13,100	3	77	74	39
Lesotho	2,000	63	28	40	25
Namibia	6,270	3	49	60	17
South Africa	9,780	41	91	84	65
Swaziland	5,010	69	46	61	53
<b>AMERICAS</b>	23,370	22	82	92	71
<b>NORTHERN AMERICA</b>	45,890	16	85	100	99
Canada	36,220	3	66	100	99
United States	46,970	32	87	100	99
<b>LATIN AMERICA/CARIBBEAN</b>	10,140	28	80	86	55
<b>CENTRAL AMERICA</b>	11,910	62	75	89	68
Belize	6,040	15	53	93	86
Costa Rica	10,950	90	42	95	96
El Salvador	6,670	294	113	89	83
Guatemala	4,690	132	109	89	73
Honduras	3,870	68	85	80	62
Mexico	14,270	57	69	90	68
Nicaragua	2,620	46	55	63	37
Panama	11,650	46	115	75	51
<b>CARIBBEAN</b>	—	177	50	77	55
Antigua and Barbuda	20,570	205	158	98	—
Bahamas	—	25	106	100	100
Barbados	—	637	159	100	100
Cuba	—	101	3	100	81
Dominica	8,300	96	150	—	—
Dominican Republic	7,890	203	72	87	74
Grenada	8,060	320	58	96	97
Guadeloupe	—	239	70	95	—
Haiti	1,180	353	32	24	10
Jamaica	7,360	246	101	82	84
Martinique	—	368	75	95	—
Netherlands Antilles	—	255	109	—	—
Puerto Rico	—	448	86	—	—
St. Kitts-Nevis	15,170	203	157	96	96
Saint Lucia	9,190	327	100	—	—
St. Vincent & the Grenadines	8,770	276	119	—	96
Trinidad and Tobago	23,950	257	113	92	92
<b>SOUTH AMERICA</b>	10,150	22	85	86	46
Argentina	14,020	15	117	91	77
Bolivia	4,140	9	50	34	9
Brazil	10,070	23	78	87	37
Chile	13,270	23	88	98	83
Colombia	8,510	40	92	81	55
Ecuador	7,760	50	86	96	84
French Guiana	—	3	50	—	—
Guyana	2,510	4	37	85	80
Paraguay	4,820	16	95	90	40
Peru	7,980	23	73	81	36
Suriname	7,130	3	81	90	66
Uruguay	12,540	19	105	100	99
Venezuela	12,830	32	96	—	—
<b>ASIA</b>	6,000	130	49	69	42
<b>ASIA (Excl. China)</b>	5,990	126	49	75	38
<b>WESTERN ASIA</b>	10,590	49	81	93	66
Armenia	6,310	104	100	95	80
Azerbaijan	7,770	104	75	51	39
Bahrain	—	1,807	186	100	—
Cyprus	24,040	118	118	100	100
Georgia	4,850	67	64	96	93
Iraq	—	72	58	76	66

**POPULATION, HEALTH, AND ENVIRONMENT  
DATA AND ESTIMATES FOR THE COUNTRIES  
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	GNI PPP per Capita (US\$) 2008	Population per Square Kilometer	Mobile Phone Subscribers per 100 Inhabitants	Percent of Population Who Use Improved Sanitation (2008)	
				Urban	Rural
Israel	27,450	342	127	100	100
Jordan	5,530	73	87	98	97
Kuwait	52,610	175	100	100	100
Lebanon	10,880	409	34	100	—
Oman	20,650	10	116	97	—
Palestinian Territory	—	672	28	91	84
Qatar	—	152	131	100	100
Saudi Arabia	22,950	14	143	100	—
Syria	4,350	122	33	96	95
Turkey	13,770	94	89	97	75
United Arab Emirates	—	64	209	98	95
Yemen	2,210	45	16	94	33
<b>SOUTH CENTRAL ASIA</b>	<b>3,130</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>29</b>
Afghanistan	—	45	29	60	30
Bangladesh	1,440	1,142	28	56	52
Bhutan	4,880	15	37	87	54
India	2,960	362	29	54	21
Iran	10,840	46	59	—	—
Kazakhstan	9,690	6	96	97	98
Kyrgyzstan	2,130	27	63	94	93
Maldives	5,280	1,070	143	100	96
Nepal	1,120	191	15	51	27
Pakistan	2,700	232	50	72	29
Sri Lanka	4,480	315	55	88	92
Tajikistan	1,860	53	54	95	94
Turkmenistan	6,210	11	23	99	97
Uzbekistan	2,660	63	47	100	100
<b>SOUTHEAST ASIA</b>	<b>4,510</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>59</b>
Brunei	50,200	66	96	—	—
Cambodia	1,820	83	29	67	18
Indonesia	3,830	124	62	67	36
Laos	2,060	27	33	86	38
Malaysia	13,740	87	103	96	95
Myanmar	1,290	79	1	86	79
Philippines	3,900	313	75	80	69
Singapore	47,940	7,526	138	100	—
Thailand	5,990	133	92	95	96
Timor-Leste	4,690	77	9	76	40
Vietnam	2,700	268	80	94	67
<b>EAST ASIA</b>	<b>9,080</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>54</b>
China	6,020	140	48	58	52
China, Hong Kong SAR <sup>e</sup>	43,960	6,410	166	—	—
China, Macao SAR <sup>e</sup>	52,260	20,731	177	—	—
Japan	35,220	337	87	100	100
Korea, North	—	189	—	—	—
Korea, South	28,120	491	95	100	100
Mongolia	3,480	2	67	64	32
Taiwan	—	644	110	—	—
<b>EUROPE</b>	<b>25,580</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>88</b>
<b>EUROPEAN UNION</b>	<b>30,600</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>93</b>
<b>NORTHERN EUROPE</b>	<b>36,120</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>99</b>
Channel Islands	—	804	—	—	—
Denmark	37,280	129	126	100	100
Estonia	19,280	30	188	96	94
Finland	35,660	16	129	100	100
Iceland	25,220	3	109	100	100
Ireland	37,350	64	121	100	98
Latvia	16,740	35	99	82	71
Lithuania	18,210	51	151	—	—
Norway	58,500	13	110	100	100
Sweden	38,180	21	118	100	100
United Kingdom	36,130	256	126	100	100



**POPULATION, HEALTH, AND ENVIRONMENT  
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	GNI PPP per Capita (US\$) 2008	Population per Square Kilometer	Mobile Phone Subscribers per 100 Inhabitants	Percent of Population Who Use Improved Sanitation (2008)	
				Urban	Rural
<b>WESTERN EUROPE</b>	<b>36,440</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>
Austria	37,680	100	130	100	100
Belgium	34,760	354	112	100	100
France	34,400	114	93	100	100
Germany	35,940	229	128	100	100
Liechtenstein	—	225	95	—	—
Luxembourg	64,320	196	147	100	100
Monaco	—	35,835	67	100	—
Netherlands	41,670	400	125	100	100
Switzerland	46,460	190	118	100	100
<b>EASTERN EUROPE</b>	<b>14,440</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>77</b>
Belarus	12,150	46	84	91	97
Bulgaria	11,950	68	138	100	100
Czech Republic	22,790	133	134	99	97
Hungary	17,790	108	122	100	100
Moldova	3,210	122	67	85	74
Poland	17,310	122	115	96	80
Romania	13,500	90	115	88	54
Russia	15,630	8	141	93	70
Slovakia	21,300	111	102	100	99
Ukraine	7,210	76	121	97	90
<b>SOUTHERN EUROPE</b>	<b>26,740</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>97</b>
Albania	7,950	112	100	98	98
Andorra	—	179	76	100	100
Bosnia-Herzegovina	8,620	75	84	99	92
Croatia	18,420	78	133	99	98
Greece	28,470	86	124	99	97
Italy	30,250	201	152	—	—
Kosovo <sup>f</sup>	—	207	—	—	—
Macedonia <sup>g</sup>	9,950	80	123	92	82
Malta	22,460	1,326	95	100	100
Montenegro	13,920	46	118	96	86
Portugal	22,080	116	140	100	100
San Marino	—	522	77	—	—
Serbia	11,150	94	98	96	88
Slovenia	26,910	101	102	100	100
Spain	31,130	93	112	100	100
<b>OCEANIA</b>	<b>24,380</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>66</b>
Australia	34,040	3	105	100	100
Federated States of Micronesia	3,000	158	31	—	—
Fiji	4,270	47	71	—	—
French Polynesia	—	68	70	99	97
Guam	—	344	59	99	98
Kiribati	3,660	139	1	—	—
Marshall Islands	—	298	2	83	53
Nauru	—	507	—	50	—
New Caledonia	—	14	80	—	—
New Zealand	25,090	16	109	—	—
Palau	—	45	60	96	—
Papua New Guinea	2,000	15	9	71	41
Samoa	4,340	68	69	100	100
Solomon Islands	2,580	19	6	98	—
Tonga	3,880	139	49	98	96
Tuvalu	—	376	20	88	81
Vanuatu	3,940	20	15	66	48

**NOTES**

(—) Indicates data unavailable or inapplicable.

a Infant deaths per 1,000 live births. Rates shown with decimals indicate national statistics reported as completely registered, while those without are estimates from the sources cited on reverse. Rates shown in italics are based upon fewer than 50 annual infant deaths and, as a result, are subject to considerable yearly variability.

b Average number of children born to a woman during her lifetime.

c The number of people of "working age" (15-64), divided by those ages 65+.

d The status of Western Sahara is disputed by Morocco.

e Special Administrative Region.

f Kosovo declared independence from Serbia on Feb. 17, 2008. Serbia has not recognized Kosovo's independence.

g The former Yugoslav Republic.

h Includes Kosovo.

\* Data prior to 2004 are shown in italics.

For additional notes and sources, see reverse side.

Data prepared by PRB demographer Carl Haub.

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# Acknowledgments, Notes, Sources, and Definitions

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## NOTES

The *Data Sheet* lists all geopolitical entities with populations of 150,000 or more and all members of the UN. These include sovereign states, dependencies, overseas departments, and some territories whose status or boundaries may be undetermined or in dispute. **More developed** regions, following the UN classification, comprise all of Europe and North America, plus Australia, Japan, and New Zealand. All other regions and countries are classified as **less developed**. The **least developed** countries consist of 49 countries with especially low incomes, high economic vulnerability, and poor human development indicators. The criteria and list of countries, as defined by the United Nations, can be found at [www.unohrls.org/en/ldc/](http://www.unohrls.org/en/ldc/).

**Sub-Saharan Africa:** All countries of Africa except the northern African countries of Algeria, Egypt, Libya, Morocco, Tunisia, and Western Sahara.

**World and Regional Totals:** Regional population totals are independently rounded and include small countries or areas not shown. Regional and world rates and percentages are weighted averages of countries for which data are available; regional averages are shown when data or estimates are available for at least three-quarters of the region's population.

*World Population Data Sheets* from different years should **not be used as a time series**. Fluctuations in values from year to year often reflect revisions based on new data or estimates rather than actual changes in levels. Additional information on likely trends and consistent time series can be obtained from PRB, and are also available in UN and U.S. Census Bureau publications and websites.

## SOURCES

The rates and figures are primarily compiled from the following sources: official country statistical yearbooks, bulletins, and websites; *United Nations Demographic Yearbook, 2007* of the UN Statistics Division; *World Population Prospects: The 2008 Revision* of the UN Population Division; and the International Data Base of the International Programs Center, U.S. Census Bureau. Other sources include recent demographic surveys such as the Demographic and Health Surveys, Reproductive Health Surveys, special studies, and direct communication with demographers and statistical bureaus in the United States and abroad. Specific data sources may be obtained by contacting the author of the *2010 World Population Data Sheet*. For countries with complete registration of births and deaths, rates are those most recently reported. For more developed countries, nearly all vital rates refer to 2009 or 2008.

## DEFINITIONS

### Mid-2010 Population

Estimates are based on a recent census; official national data; or PRB, UN, and U.S. Census Bureau projections. The effects of refugee movements, large numbers of foreign workers, and population shifts due to contemporary political events are taken into account to the extent possible.

### Birth and Death Rate

The annual number of births and deaths per 1,000 total population. These rates are often referred to as "crude rates" since they do not take a population's age structure into account. Thus, crude death rates in more developed countries, with a relatively large proportion of high-mortality older population, are often higher than those in less developed countries with lower life expectancy.

### Rate of Natural Increase (RNI)

The birth rate minus the death rate, implying the annual rate of population growth without regard for migration. Expressed as a percentage.

### Net Migration

The estimated rate of net immigration (immigration minus emigration) per 1,000 population for a recent year based upon the official national rate or derived as a residual from estimated birth, death, and population growth rates. Migration rates can vary substantially from year to year for any particular country, as can the definition of an immigrant.

### 2050 Population as a Multiple of 2010

Projected populations based upon reasonable assumptions on the future course of fertility, mortality, and migration. Projections are based upon official country projections, series issued by the UN or the U.S. Census Bureau, or PRB projections.

## Infant Mortality Rate

The annual number of deaths of infants under age 1 per 1,000 live births. Rates shown with decimals indicate national statistics reported as completely registered, while those without are estimates from the sources cited above. Rates shown in italics are based upon fewer than 50 annual infant deaths and, as a result, are subject to considerable yearly variability.

## Total Fertility Rate (TFR)

The average number of children a woman would have assuming that current age-specific birth rates remain constant throughout her childbearing years (usually considered to be ages 15-49).

## Population Under Age 15/Age 65+

The percentage of the total population in these ages, which are often considered the "dependent ages."

## Elderly Support Ratio

The number of working-age people ages 15-64 divided by the number of persons 65 or older, indicating levels of potential societal support available for the elderly.

## Life Expectancy at Birth

The average number of years a newborn infant can expect to live under current mortality levels.

## Percent Urban

Percentage of the total population living in areas termed "urban" by that country. Countries define urban in many different ways, from population centers of 100 or more dwellings to only the population living in national and provincial capitals.

## Prevalence of HIV/AIDS

The estimated percentage of adults ages 15-49 living with HIV/AIDS. Most figures are from UNAIDS' *2008 Report on the Global AIDS Epidemic*. Figures are updated with data from Demographic and Health Surveys where available. Some regional averages were calculated by PRB.

## Contraceptive Use

The percentage of currently married or "in-union" women of reproductive age who are using any form of contraception. "Modern" methods include clinic and supply methods such as the pill, IUD, condom, and sterilization. Data are from the most recently available national-level surveys, such as Demographic and Health Surveys, Reproductive Health Surveys, Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys, regional survey programs, national surveys, and the UN Population Division *World Contraceptive Use 2009*. For more developed countries, data refer to some point in the 1990s and early 2000s; and for less developed countries, from 1995. Data prior to 2004 are shown in italics.

## GNI PPP per Capita, 2008 (US\$)

GNI PPP per capita is gross national income in purchasing power parity (PPP) divided by midyear population. GNI PPP refers to gross national income converted to "international" dollars using a purchasing power parity conversion factor. International dollars indicate the amount of goods and services one could buy in the United States with a given amount of money. Data are from the World Bank. Figures in italics are for 2006 or 2007.

## Mobile Phone Subscribers per 100 Inhabitants

Data are from the International Telecommunications Union, *Measuring the Information Society 2010* ([www.itu.int](http://www.itu.int)).

## Percent of Population Who Use Improved Sanitation

For monitoring Millennium Development Goals, an improved sanitation facility is defined as one that hygienically separates sewage from human contact. Data are from WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme for Water Supply and Sanitation ([www.wssinfo.org/datamining/tables.html](http://www.wssinfo.org/datamining/tables.html)).

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The *2010 World Population Data Sheet* is also available in French and Spanish. Data prepared by PRB demographer Carl Haub.

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## INFORM

PRB informs people around the world about issues related to population, health, and the environment. To do this, we transform technical data and research into accurate, easy-to-understand information.

**INNOVATIVE TOOLS.** DataFinder is a PRB searchable database of 133 population, health, and environment variables for all countries of the world. A separate U.S. database includes 579 social, economic, and demographic variables for each state and the District of Columbia.

**INFLUENTIAL REPORTS.** *Female Genital Mutilation/Cutting: Data and Trends—Update 2010* is a new and unique data sheet that highlights FGM/C data and information for 27 countries. This publication is useful to those working for the abandonment of FGM/C and for the improvement of women's reproductive health.

**UNBIASED POLICY ANALYSIS.** For more than 20 years, PRB has hosted a monthly seminar series focused on the policy implications of population issues including neglected tropical diseases, climate change and mortality, and HIV/AIDS.

**ONLINE RESOURCES.** PRB's website offers full text of all PRB publications, including our respected *Population Bulletins*, and web-exclusive data and analysis on world issues ranging from aging to family planning.

## EMPOWER

PRB empowers people—researchers, journalists, policymakers, and educators—to use information about population, health, and the environment to encourage action. Frequently, people have information but lack the tools needed to communicate effectively to decision-makers. PRB builds coalitions and conducts trainings to share techniques to inform policy.

**JOURNALIST NETWORKS.** PRB builds the capacity of journalists from developing countries through seminars and study tours. We organized several study tours for journalists in Uganda, Kenya, Tanzania, and Mali to visit projects and the people they affect.

**POLICY COMMUNICATIONS TRAINING.** In the past decade, PRB has trained more than 800 professionals in Asia, Africa, and Latin America. For example, we sponsored two workshops with Kenya's National Coordinating Agency for Population and Development, training local and regional policymakers, program managers, and advocates.

**DATA WORKSHOPS.** PRB's data workshops and online training assist the Annie E. Casey Foundation's KIDS COUNT network in using vital data about the status of children in the United States. Participants take away the knowledge needed to access data about their particular state and communicate with policymakers.

## ADVANCE

PRB works to advance the well-being of current and future generations. Toward that end, we analyze data and research, disseminate information, and empower people to use that information to inform policymaking. While the numbers of publications created or workshops conducted are one way to measure PRB's work, the creation of evidence-based policies, increased demand for health services, and active coalitions are better gauges of progress toward positive social change.

**EVIDENCE-BASED POLICIES.** PRB provides analysis for the KIDS COUNT Data Book, an annual report card on the well-being of children and families in the United States. The Data Book has helped promote the passage of several U.S. policies, including the State Children's Health Insurance Program.

**DEMAND FOR HEALTH SERVICES.** An article written after one study tour for journalists in Kenya led to a steep increase in vasectomies in western Kenya. Seminars for journalists in West Africa increased coverage of contraceptive supply problems, prompting government action in Senegal.

**ACTIVE COALITIONS.** PRB works with the East Africa Population, Health, and Environment Network to increase information sharing across the region. The AFRICAPHE online discussion group improves access to information and capacity-building and funding opportunities.

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